

The Evening Standard

An Independent Newspaper
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY
(BY WILLIAM GLASMAN.)

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WESTERN PACIFIC AGAIN CLOSED.

If, as reported, the Southern Pacific has obtained control of the Western Pacific, there will be a great change on the new road. The Standard repeatedly has said that the Western Pacific, through the Feather River canyon, is 100 miles of road almost beyond the ability of engineers to keep in operation. Engineer Hood of the Southern Pacific has said that the slip rock of the canyon cannot be held in place. Other engineers have said that rock slides of vast proportions must be looked for in wet weather. Only yesterday the Spring Garden tunnel, one of the longest tunnels on the Western Pacific, caved in.

With these recurring obstructions, there is but one thing to do and that is to abandon the Feather River route, use the Western Pacific from Wells to Winnemucca as a second track for the Southern Pacific and abandon the line from Wells to Salt Lake.

The Western Pacific, around the south end of the lake, across the salt marshes and over the Spring Valley and Flower Lake passes was as great a mistake as the building of the line through the Feather River country. If the Southern Pacific people are in control, they will not be slow to order traffic through the Ogden gateway, along the lines of least resistance.

WEBER CLUB COMMITTEE.

The committee appointed by the Weber club, to have a bill introduced in the legislature providing for a commission form of government, reported back to the club Monday afternoon. This paper had commented adversely on the failure of the committee to do that very thing. Either the paper was somewhat premature in its criticism or the committee was tardy in doing its full duty. However, the good faith shown all around is a matter of congratulation.

The manager of this paper was one of the committee, but he was unable to visit the capital. To avoid the semblance of writing one thing in the paper and acting a contrary part in private, the manager's failure to accompany the committee was given publicity, as was also that of J. C. Nye, as the reference to the one called for the naming of the other. The Standard has been consistently for the recall, initiative, referendum and civil service in the commission bill, and an explanation was due as to why Senator Kelly's bill, seemingly authorized by the committee, had failed to call for those provisions.

The committeemen have explained that the governor is unalterably opposed to the progressive features of a commission form of government and they, having no choice in the matter other than to bow down or force the governor to override the will of the people and, by so doing, sacrifice all, decided to accept the chief executive's ultimatum and thereby obtain at least a commission with a popular primary law.

We recognize that whatever mistake may have been made was simply one of judgment and not of intent to do otherwise than accomplish the greatest possible good for this city. The men on the committee are earnestly laboring for the upbuilding of Ogden and deserve praise for their unselfish, unrewarded devotion to a public service, and yet it is well that a newspaper, voicing public sentiment, speak plainly, even at the risk of offending the men who are doing their very best, and endeavor to point out what seems to be steps intentionally taken in a wrong direction.

COMMISSION FORM ELSEWHERE.

Had the Kelly bill for the commission form of government included in its provisions the recall, initiative and referendum, it would have met with the approval of the advocates of the commission form of government, as now in operation in 115 cities of the United States.

Commenting on the success of the commission form of government, with the recall, initiative and referendum, the Sacramento Union says:

Perhaps the best evidence of the strength of the spread of the commission form of city government in this country is that it has made its progress quietly. It has not been fattered by any political party, for politicians are professionally opposed to it as an invasion of their rights and privileges. In many states the plan has been put to the test and its merits and defects have been noted by persons whose only interest has been their desire for improved civic conditions. Its basic principle is that of plain business, of the organization of the city as the business man would organize his private enterprise, for the elimination of waste wherever possible and the promotion of efficiency.

One hundred and fifteen American cities are now governed by commissions. They are located in twenty-three of the forty-six states—California, Illinois, Kansas, Iowa, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Texas having been most progressive along this line. In Texas, Austin, Dallas, Fort Worth and Houston were not long following the successful test of the plan in Galveston, and San Antonio is now the only large city in the state under the old system. In Kansas, Kansas City, Topeka, Wichita and Leavenworth have commissions; while in Iowa, Des Moines, Burlington, Davenport, Cedar Rapids, Fort Dodge, Sioux City and Keokuk have changed, leaving Council Bluffs as the only important city of the state behind.

One of the objections raised to the commission form is that it is practical in cities of population not exceeding 25,000, but of no use in larger communities. Several municipalities have disposed of this argument, among them Oak-

land, with 150,174 inhabitants; Memphis, with 131,105, and Spokane with 104,402.

The commission scheme is not being exploited as a fad and has already sufficiently established its value to become a formidable competitor for public favor even in our largest cities with the traditional form of municipal government. The American people have awakened to the realization that some of their most pressing political problems lie in the cities.

JUST FOR FUN

A Request for Prayers.

A lady of a mariner about to sail on a distant voyage sent a note to the clergyman of the parish, expressing the following meaning:

"A husband going to sea, his wife desires the prayers of the congregation."—Exchange.

It Is Just a Habit.

"I suppose, Ellen," she remarked to the new girl, with feigned indifference, "that you overheard my husband and me conversing rather earnestly this morning?" "I hope, however, that you did not think anything unusual was going on?"

"Never a bit, mum. I want had a husband myself, an' niver a day passed that th' neighbors didn't believe one or th' other uv us would be kilt entirely."—Success Magazine.

The Strenuous Life.

"He—Fancy you getting engaged to that Dollington man. What does he do to earn a living?"

"She—Don't be absurd, Jack. You know he hasn't the time to earn a living while we are engaged."—M. A. P.

Croesus Outdone.

"Mabel—My pa is awful rich. I guess he's rich enough to buy all Brooklyn. Robbie—My pa is lots richer 'n that. I heard him tell me this morning he was going to buy Boston and Albany."—Boston Transcript.

No Wonder.

"What's the matter with your wife? She seems very irascible lately."

"Why, she was assisting at a rummage sale, and somebody sold her new hat for 35 cents."—Washington Herald.

Often Happens.

"I love my work." "You seem to, since the new stenographer came."—Kansas City Journal.

LENIENCY FOR WOMAN CRIMINAL

ALBANY, N. Y., March 6.—That a woman charged with a capital offense should receive more consideration at the hands of a jury than a man and ought not to be put to death for murder was the opinion expressed by several tallmen today at the trial of Mrs. Edith Meier, of Schoenectady, charged with having poisoned her five-year-old son, George, in a lonely swamp, near Albany, last January.

Twenty-four talesmen were examined, but only one, Wesley Smith, was accepted. The courtroom was crowded and some of the women brought opera glasses to enable them to get a better view of the prisoner.

With these eliminated, Dalzell of Pennsylvania, who was the champion of the late congress and Lawrence of Massachusetts are the only Republicans on the old committee who will figure in that connection with the present congress.

Of the six Republicans out of the members, Smith of Iowa, was re-elected, but retired to become circuit judge. Boutwell, of Illinois, was defeated for re-nomination and has been named minister to Portugal and Fasset of New York was not returned by his district, while Smith of California is in such grave physical condition as to give apprehension among his friends and to cause his resignation from the national monetary commission.

The Democratic members of the commission, who were the champions of the late congress and Lawrence of Massachusetts are the only Republicans on the old committee who will figure in that connection with the present congress.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The rules committee, one of the most powerful of the house committees of the Sixty-second congress, with Representative Robert L. Henry of Texas, at its head, was formally selected by the new house ways and means committee at its first meeting today.

The following were announced as the seven Democratic members: Robert L. Henry, Texas; Edward W. Pou, Smithfield, N. C.; Thomas W. Hardwick, Sandville, Ga.; Augustus O. Stanley, Henderson, Ky.; Finis J. Garrett, Tennessee; Martin D. Forster, Olney, Ill.; and Matthew R. Denver, Williams, Ohio.

The committee will consist of eleven members. The four Republican members will be chosen by the Republicans later, with the other Republican members of committees of the new house.

The ways and means committee, which is charged under caucus dictum with the function of selecting the committees, is not expected to name the chairman, but it recommended to the new rules committee that it elect Mr. Henry as chairman, which it tantamount to resignation at this time.

The members were named in order of their seniority of service. Mr. Henry and Mr. Stanley had served in congress the same period and the service of Messrs. Foster and Denver has been identical and to choose the priority of rank of those in each case, the members of the ways and means committee draw lots resulting in the order given.

The committee will meet tomorrow morning to confer over its preliminary work. There was some discussion over the program of tariff revision, but the committee is deliberating carefully over that, which is greatest task before it. The committee expects to report its program to congress soon after April 4.

The Democratic members realize there is considerable difference of opinion among their party associates in the house as to the methods of revising the tariff, some favoring that wholesale bill, and others scheduled in accord with views of Messrs. Clark and Underwood. There is no conclusion yet as to whether the schedules are to be taken to the Canadian reciprocity bill, but the bill itself will carry out the terms of the agreement in good faith.

One of the things the committee has considered is the elimination of useless offices at the capital, mostly in the humble capacities. There are upwards of 600 places at the capital and some of the Democrats believe

ORDINANCE REPEALED BY CITY

By the granting of the citizens' petition, asking for the repeal or amending of the "Home Vendor" ordinance, the city council, at its session last night, delivered the first blow against the grocers' combine of Ogden. By amending the ordinance the farmers can sell their produce direct to the consumers, without having to pay a license. This, the citizens in the petition maintained, will reduce the prices for food to a great extent.

The petition provided for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate the matter and report its findings to the council. The committee appointed was Councilmen Humphreys, Peery and Dana.

A resolution presented by Councilman Humphreys and Peery, providing for the repeal of the ordinance, was passed by the city council by a unanimous vote, at the regular meeting last night.

The resolution renews the fact that the city is in debt and that much of the debt can be liquidated in the sale of the property mentioned, it also being said that the city does not need the ground and that, it being in a desirable business section, of the city, would bring a good price. The resolution provided for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate the matter and report its findings to the council. The committee appointed was Councilmen Humphreys, Peery and Dana.

A number of citizens of the city by the National Tuberculosis association, and a committee consisting of Mayor Glasman, Superintendent Mills of the city schools, Dr. Dickson, chairman of the sanitary committee of the council, City Physician Dr. Riles, and Dr. Forbes, was appointed to cooperate with the exhibitors in the work.

The matter of looking after the dumping place for the garbage of the city on lower Twenty-eighth street, was referred to the sanitary committee and the sanitary inspector.

A number of citizens of the district where the dumps are situated, appeared before the council and protested against the nuisance. They claimed that it is almost impossible to live in that part of the city because of the stench and smoke that comes from the great piles of filth and garbage there.

With only one opposing vote, that of Councilman Barker, the petition of 1021 citizens and 17 lodges of the city that the "Home Vendor" ordinance be amended so as to remove any license against farmers and others selling their own products in the city, was granted and the city attorney was authorized to write an amended ordinance providing for the same.

Waterworks department claims and payrolls amounting to \$987.71, were allowed and ordered paid.

The report of the claims committee recommending the payment of \$2,247.19 legal claims against the city, was adopted and the amount ordered paid.

A resolution providing for the sale of waterworks bonds in the sum of \$100,000, payable in one, two, three and four years, \$25,000 each year, was adopted. The waterworks committee reported the ordinance in an amended form, the amendment having been made in accordance with the suggestions of Mayor Glasman.

Plans and specifications for the concreting of reservoir No. 1, reported by Engineer Bostaph, were adopted and placed on file.

The sanitary inspector reported 26 contagious diseases in the city, there being 12 cases of scarlet fever, eight of smallpox, one of typhoid fever, one of measles and four of chickenpox. The report was filed.

The payrolls for the different departments of the city, amounting to \$1,067.25, as reported by the city auditor, were allowed, and the auditor was authorized to draw a warrant for the amounts.

New Patrolman. The appointment of Oren Hadlock as patrolman was confirmed by a unanimous vote of the council. The appointment was presented by Chief Browning.

The request of Street Supervisor Jones for a "ball-sweeper" to aid in cleaning the paved streets of the city was granted and the street committee. The street supervisor reported that the board floor of the viaduct is in bad condition, and he suggested that some action be taken regarding its repair. The council recommended that the city recorder advise the railroad people of the condition and notify them that they must repair it. There was no dissenting voice in the council.

The matter of graveling the street on Twenty-eighth street, between Grant and Washington avenues, and on Wall, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets, was referred to the street committee.

The petition of property owners for an extension of water mains on Liberty avenue was referred to the waterworks committee.

The petition for the establishment of a new district from Lincoln to Pincock avenues on Thirty-first street and on Thirty-second street, between Lincoln and Wall avenues, was granted and the engineer instructed to advertise notice of intention.

The engineer was also instructed to advertise notice of the construction of unfinished sidewalks in the city where the city has gained jurisdiction. The plats of the Farr addition to the city were received and referred to the street committee.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. March 6.—William James Sidis, Harvard's wonderful fourteen-year-old scientist, longed for now world's to conquer, has taken up the study of simiology. The boy finds it very interesting. Young Sidis is puzzling his head over the knotty problem as to whether there is more difference between a man of a Shakespeare and an Australian bushman than between a bushman's brain and that of a highly trained ape. He is deeply engrossed in study of the Darwinian theory, and scientists look for some interesting conclusions on the part of the phenomenon, youth whose career has won worldwide attention.

ONE HUNDRED PERISH IN RUSSIAN THEATER FIRE.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 6.—A moving picture machine in a small theater at Bologna, in the southern part of Novgorod province, exploded yesterday and set fire to the entire building. There was a panic among the spectators, and according to the reports received here, nearly a hundred persons, many of them children, were crushed or burned to death. Half a hundred others were injured. Baron Taube, chief of the gendarmes corps at St. Petersburg, and two of his children are reported among the dead.

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LEGAL NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Amalgamated Sugar Company: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Amalgamated Sugar Company will be held at the company's office, room 206, Eccles Building, Ogden City, Utah, on the 5th day of November, 1910, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and voting upon the following proposed changes and amendments to the articles of incorporation of this company, to-wit:

Repeal article V and substitute in lieu thereof the following: "Article V.—The authorized amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be Four Million (\$4,000,000) Dollars, divided into Forty Thousand (40,000) shares of preferred stock of the par value of One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars each. Unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, all dividends shall be paid in four equal quarterly payments, to-wit: On the first day of April, July, October and January of each year, commencing with the first such day succeeding the directors' meeting at which such a dividend is declared. No dividends shall be payable to the stockholders appearing of record on the company's books on the day before such dividend is payable."

Repeal article XI and substitute in lieu thereof the following: "Article XI.—The officers of this corporation shall consist of a Board of eleven (11) Directors, a President, two Vice Presidents, a Secretary and a Treasurer; each officer and director, in order to be eligible, must own and hold in his own name at least ten shares of the preferred stock of the corporation, as shown by the books thereof."

Repeal article XII and substitute in lieu thereof the following: "Article XII.—Within ten days after the election of a Board of Directors they shall hold a directors' meeting and elect a President, two Vice Presidents, a Secretary and a Treasurer. The President and the Vice Presidents shall be chosen and elected from among their own number; but the Secretary or Treasurer may be elected either from the directors or from the stockholders, in the discretion of the board, and in the offices of Secretary and Treasurer may be combined in the same persons. There shall hereafter be held an annual meeting of the owners and holders of the preferred stock of the corporation on the second Wednesday of April of each year; such meeting shall be held for the purpose of electing a Board of eleven Directors, and transacting such other business as may be deemed necessary or convenient for the welfare of the corporation. Such meeting shall be held at the general office of the corporation in the city of Ogden, County of Weber, and State of Utah, at such hour of said day as the President or Board of Directors may determine. The Board of Directors may direct the calling of any special meeting as they may deem proper and necessary. At all meetings of stockholders, whether annual or special, representation of a majority of the preferred stock, exclusive of treasury or non-voting shares, shall be necessary for the transaction of business, and no business, except to adjourn or to adjourn to a specified date, shall be transacted at any meeting of stockholders unless a majority of the preferred stock is represented. The Board of Directors shall be elected by ballot, and a stockholder receiving a majority of the votes cast by the owners of the preferred stock of the corporation shall be deemed and declared duly elected such director. Each owner and holder of the preferred stock in the corporation shall be entitled to as many votes as he holds shares of such stock. Representation by proxy, duly appointed, shall be allowed at all meetings of the stockholders, whether annual or special. The failure to hold any annual or special meeting on the day appointed for the same shall not forfeit or in any way interfere with the corporate rights acquired under this agreement, but any such meeting may be held at any subsequent time upon giving twenty-one (21) days' notice thereof by publication in a daily newspaper published in Ogden City, State of Utah. The secretary shall, and in case of failure, any other officer of said corporation, may give twenty-one (21) days' notice of all annual or special stockholders' meetings as aforesaid. The notice must specify in general terms the purpose or purposes for which any special meeting is called. Notice of any annual or special meeting may be served by the Secretary or Treasurer by delivering a copy thereof to such stockholder owning or holding preferred stock in this corporation personally, or by depositing copies thereof in the United States postoffice at Ogden, Utah, the postage prepaid, thereon, at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the date of any such meeting, addressed to the several addresses of such stockholders, which shall have the same effect as the publication aforesaid."

DAVID ECCLES, President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Dated Ogden, Utah, Oct. 11th, 1910.

Ogden, Utah, Nov. 5th, 1910.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned until Monday, Dec. 5th, 1910, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the company's office above mentioned.

M. S. BROWNING, Vice President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Ogden, Utah, Dec. 6th, 1910.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned until Thursday, Jan. 5th, 1911, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the company's office above mentioned.

M. S. BROWNING, Vice President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Ogden, Utah, January 5, 1911.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned until Saturday, February 4, 1911, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the company's office above mentioned.

M. S. BROWNING, Vice President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Ogden, Utah, Feb. 4th, 1911.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned until Tuesday, March 14th, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the company's office above mentioned.

M. S. BROWNING, Vice President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Ogden, Utah, March 6th, 1911.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned until Tuesday, March 14th, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the company's office above mentioned.

M. S. BROWNING, Vice President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Ogden, Utah, March 7th, 1911.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned to be held at the Company's office on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m.

DAVID ECCLES, President.

HENRY H. ROLAPP, Secretary.

Ogden, Utah, March 7th, 1911.

The above meeting is hereby adjourned to be held at the Company's office on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m.

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